

which they can use at certain registered shops to buy food. Along with the purchased yellow stamps, they are freely given one blue stamp which is good for a food product which comes under the head of surplus. Thus there need to be no waste of crops of any sort and at the same time no serious dislocation of ordinary business operations.

In ways like this, and with the vast experience which war-rationing has furnished the Government, we may hope that the worst blot on our so-called civilization may, in part at least, be wiped out. In this as in other hoped-for features of the "New Order" it is not cheapness which must be relied upon, but rather, as the

Editor of the *Economist* is reported emphatically to have remarked, "Brains!"

GILBERT J. FOWLER.

Department of Scientific and Industrial Research, *Report of the Food Investigation Board*, 1936.

International Labour Office, *Report on Workers Nutrition and Social Policy*, 1936.

Medical Research Council, *Dietary Survey*, 1937. *Report to the Empire Marketing Board*, H. M. Stationery Office.

Astor and Rowntree, *The Agricultural Dilemma; British Agriculture*.

Clark and Titmuss, *Our Food Problem*.

Howard, *An Agricultural Testament*.

Watson, *The Soil and Social Reclamation*.

Rowe, *The Root of All Evil*, and other literature available from the Economic Reform Club and Institute, Queens Lodge, Queens Avenue, London, No. 10.

Hon. Clara B. Patterson *et al.*, "Free Food for Every body," *Countryman*, April-May-June, 1936.

SIR CATTAMANCHI RAMALINGA REDDY, Kt., M.A. (Cantab.), Hon. D.Litt. (Andhra), M.L.C.

THE happy news that Sir C. R. Reddy, M.A. (Cantab.), D.Litt. (Andhra), M.L.C., Vice-Chancellor, Andhra University, is amongst the recipients of Knighthood, will be received with gratification by a wide circle of his pupils, friends and admirers throughout India. Sir Cattamanchi is one of our foremost educationists who has played a conspicuous part in shaping the educational policy of this country. His "Memorandum on Education in Mysore" which was published in the year 1919 constitutes one of the epoch-making documents which continues to inspire and influence the progress of education in Mysore.

As Vice-Chancellor of the Andhra University, he has been exceptionally successful in stimulating private munificence through which several Chairs and Lecturerships have been founded in the University. Soon after the declaration of the present war, Sir Cattamanchi pleaded for an immediate orientation of the work of the

University laboratories to meet the war economy of the nation. He referred to the situation which arose 25 years ago and pointed out how the European countries and America grasped the opportunity at the time to achieve a state of self-sufficiency. He said "by confiscating enemy patents, by vigorously promoting domestic industries in regard to dyes, drugs, etc., and utilising universities for purposes of the necessary researches, European countries and America became self-sufficient."

In 1930, he resigned the Vice-Chancellorship of the Andhra University as a protest against the repressive policy of the Government during the days of the Civil Disobedience movement.

By conferring upon him the Knighthood, His Majesty's Government have honoured a distinguished educationist, an accomplished scholar, a practical statesman and above all, an esteemed patriot. We extend our hearty and respectful felicitations to him on this occasion.