Table 1. Highest one-day rainfall (cm) at stations in northwestern India (1875–2000) (arranged east to west; Dhar and Nandargi²)

Region	Station	Highest one-day rainfall (cm) (>30 cm)	Date of occurrence
Garhwal-Kumaun	Ascote	40	28.7.1968
	Nainital	31	15.9.1957
	Mussoorie	32	5.8.1964
	Nagina	82	18.9.1880
	Najibabad	72	18.9.1880
	Dehradun	49	25.7.1966
Himachal Pradesh	Dharamsala	32	6.8.1958
	Dalhousie	41	9.9.1966
	Pathankot	36	14.7.1980
Jammu and Kashmir	Jammu	30	31.7.1961

was 99.5 mm (3.92 in) on 28 June 1899. The highest one-day rainfall recorded at stations in northwestern India, especially in the foothills of the western Himalayas, is given in Table 1.

Table 1 shows that no station in the western Himalayan region recorded more than 82 cm of rainfall in one day during the last 125 years. Therefore, the rainfall record of 99 cm at Kasauli station in the foothills of the western Himalayas (Himachal Pradesh) in one day needs correction.

O. N. Dhar S. Nandargi\*

Indian Institute of Tropical Meteorology, Pune 411 008, India

## Response:

Errors have occurred in Table 2 of our paper<sup>1</sup>, related to the highest 24-hours station rainfall values recorded over India.

Table 1. Highest 24-hours rainfall records in India

Rainfall	Station	
(cm)	(state/UT)	Date
156.3	Cherrapunji	15-16 June 1995
	(Meghalaya)	
116.8	Amini Devi	5-6 May 2004
	(Lakshadweep)	
103.6	Cherrapunji	13-14 June 1876
	(Meghalaya)	
99.7	Cherrapunji	11-12 July 1910
	(Meghalaya)	
98.9	Mausynram	9-10 July 1952
	(Meghalaya)	
98.7	Dharamapur	1-2 July 1941
	(Gujarat)	
98.5	Cherrapunji	12-13
	(Meghalaya)	September 1974
94.4	Santacruz	26-27 July 2005
	(Maharashtra)	•

We give in Table 1 highest 24-hours rainfall records based upon data from the Office of ADGM®, India Meteorological Dept, Pune. One may note from the table that not only the rainfall data of Kasuli has been deleted from the 24 hours ever highest extreme station rainfall values but the place and date of most extraordinary rainstorm ever recorded in India is now changed to 156.3 cm recorded over Cherrapunji (Meghalaya) on 15–16 June of 1995 instead of 116.8 cm at Amini Devi, on 5–6 May 2004 as noted in our paper¹.

1. Jenamani, R. K., Bhan, S. C. and Kalsi, S. R., Curr. Sci., 2006, **90**, 1344-1362.

RAJENDRA KUMAR JENAMANI\* S. C. BHAN

India Meteorological Department, Lodhi Road, New Delhi 110 003, India \*e-mail: rjenamani1@yahoo.co.in

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<sup>\*</sup>e-mail: nshoba@tropmet.res.in